





Alternatives for HCFC-141b

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PU FOAM













*: GWP: Need to consider CO₂ emission in the process of making the blowing agent



	ТҮРЕ	TYPICAL SUBSTANCE	ODP	GWP	ROUTE
1 st Gen	CFCs	CFC-11	1.0	1100	
2 nd Gen	HCFCs	HCFC-141b	0.11	725	
3 rd Gen	HFCs	HFC-245fa HFC-365mfc	0 0	1030 794	
4 th Gen	H(C)FOs	HCFO-1233zd HFO-1336mzz	~0 0	1 8.9	
 Final solutions	Hydrocarbon Water/CO ₂	c-Pentane Water	0 0	<25 1	



Part-1: Hydrocarbons & Water

Substance	*HCFC141b	*c-Pentane	*n-Pentane	*i-Pentane	*i-Butane	Water
Structure	CH ₃ CCl ₂ F	C_5H_{10}	C_5H_{12}	C_5H_{12}	C_4H_{10}	CO ₂
MW	117	70.1	72.2	72.2	58.1	44.0
Boiling point (°C)	31.9	49	36.1	28.0	-11.7	-79
Flash point (°C)	None	-42	-49	-57	-107	None
Explosion limit (vol% in air)	5.6~17.7	1.5~8.7	1.4~8.0	1.4~8.3	1.8~8.4	None
ODP (CFC11=1)	0.11	0	0	0	0	0
GWP (CO ₂ =1)	725	<25	<25	<25	<25	1
λ[mW/(m•K)]	9.7 (25ºC)	11.0 (10⁰C)	14.0 (10°C)	13.0 (10°C)	15.9 (20°C)	16.3

*: Data from UNEP-FTOC Report 2010



Part-2: HFCs (Will be phased out in the future)

Substance	*HFC245fa	*HFC365mfc	*HFC134a	*HFC227ea	*HCFC141b
Structure	CF ₃ CH ₂ CHF ₂	$CF_3CH_2CF_2CH_3$	CH ₂ FCF ₃	CF ₃ CHFCF ₃	CH ₃ CCl ₂ F
MW	134	148	102	170	117
Boiling point (°C)	15.3	40.2	-26.2	-16.5	31.9
Flash point (°C)	None	<-27	-79	None	None
Explosion limit (vol% in air)	None	3.6~13.3	None	None	5.6~17.7
ODP (CFC11=1)	0	0	0	0	0.11
GWP (CO ₂ =1)	1030	794	1430	3220	725
λ[mW/(m•K)]	12.1 (20ºC)	10.6 (25°C)	13.7 (25°C)	12.7 (25°C)	9.7 (25°C)

*: Data from UNEP-FTOC Report 2010





Part-2: Others (Not popular)

Substance	*ECOMATE	HFE 254	Methylal	*TDCE	*HCFC141b
Structure	HCOOCH ₃	HCF ₂ CF ₂ OCH ₃	CH ₃ OCH ₂ OCH ₃	CHCI=CHCI	CH ₃ CCl ₂ F
MW	60	132	76	97	117
Boiling point (°C)	32.1	37	42.3	48	31.9
Flash point (°C)	-32	-20	-17	-12	None
Explosion limit (vol% in air)	5.0~23.0	11.7~23.5	1.8~8.4	6.7-18.0	5.6~17.7
ODP (CFC11=1)	0	0	0	0	0.11
GWP (CO ₂ =1)	Negligile	<25	<25	Negligile	725
λ[mW/(m•K)]	10.7 (25°C)	12.2	15.9 (20°C)	Not available	9.7 (25°C)

*: Data from UNEP-FTOC Report 2010



Substance	Hydrocarbons	Water/CO ₂
Flammability	Flammable & Explosive	None
Applications (Safety concern)	All applications ex. "Spray"	All applications
K-factor	Good	Bad
Applications (Insulation concern)	All applications	Only few application with low insulation requirement, such as pipe, etc.
Safety requirements	Very high	Low
Alteration and investment	Difficult and high	Easy and low
Cost and availability (Blowing agent only)	Low and easy to get	Very low and easy to get

Conclusion

- 1. Current 2 final solutions can not fulfill all applications;
- 2. Spray applications can not use flammable and explosive hydrocarbons, small foam makers of other applications are also not suitable to use normal hydrocarbons technology due to high investment cost;
- 3. Hope new substances from 4th generation blowing agents can be one choice of final solutions.



Hydrocarbons Technology







PU FOAM

Hydrocarbons Analysis



VOCs

- Flammable and explosive, low flash point
- High risk in transportation, storage and usage



- Low cost, easy to get
- Low long-term running cost
- High investment for safety measures
 - Poor solubility in normal poyols
 - Bubbles, voids during foaming
 - Normal K-factor, need balance foam stability

c-Pentane n-Pentane i-Pentane i-Butane

Green product

Final solutions

Hydrocarbons Analysis









Formulation Development



1
2

Suitable polyols: Improve solubility, K-factor and balance the flowability.

Suitable surfactants, additives: Balance the flowability and reduce the bubbles and voids.







C5: Hydrophobic Polyols/water/amine catalysts: Hydrophilic

atalysts: Hydrophilic



C5 Uselevel in Polyol Blends





Flame Retardance with Hydrocarbons





B2-class requirement: Flame Height<15cm

DIN4102-2 Standard



Water Blown Technology









"Water" is a chemical blowing agent, the real blowing agent is CO₂;
 "Water" is used as a co-blowing agent from CFC-11 generation.

Water Blown Analysis



- Worse foam K-factor
- High viscosity of polyol system
- Bad foam adhesion
- Bad foam stability



- Very low cost for blowing agent, but polyol system cost may be high.
- Worse insulation properties, may need increase insulation thickness.
- No need alteration on foaming machine, but may need investment on mold heating system
 - Higher MDI/Polyol system ratio, may affect the foam cost
 - Normally no safety issues
 - Note: High heat release during foaming
 - Low GWP, green product
 - Final solution;
 - Worse K-factor, need consider energy consumption

All Water Blown

Applications with "All Water" Technology (山东联创集团



HR foam: -Car seat, Furniture, etc.



Semi-rigid foam/Automotive healiner

Low density packaging foam, high density imitation wood

Integral skin foam: -Steering wheel, etc.

Applications with "All Water" Technology 🤷



Spray foam: Japan & NA market



District heating and oil pipe

Air ducting, low density roof insulation panel

High density pipe support





Formulation Development





Suitable polyols: improve K-factor, foam stability and reduce polyol system viscosity.

Suitable catalysts, additives: Improve adhesion, reduce polyol system viscosity.

All Water Blown with Liquid CO₂



- Used in spray foam, developed with all water technology.
- Introduce small amount liquid CO₂ as a 3rd stream into polyol system.

Pressure

- Widely used in spray foam in Japan.
- Normally it is open cell foam.
- Super-critical liquid CO₂ is developed now.

Advantage

- Fast cream time, can achieve fast spray
- Can reduce foam density
- Fast reaction at low temperature.
- better cell structure and K-factor.

Disadvantage

Need additional equipment, less flexibility on-site.



Temperature

Tcr







Price vs. Performance?

H(C)FOs Analysis



Price is very high, limited suppliers;

- Long term operation cost is very high;
- No need investment for equipment;

No safety issues.

- MW is high, uselevel is high;
- Boiling point of LBA is low and stability is not good;
- Solubility with polyol is good, K-factor is

good.

Low GWP, green product;

Solstice LBA Opteon 1100







Disadvantage

- Methyl formate as a blowing agent in polyurethane industry is patented by Foam Supplies Inc. under the trademark of Ecomate[®], patent no.: 6753357 (*: information from FTOC 2010 report);
- Strong plasticizer, bad foam stability and demolding properties;
- Bad stability in polyol blends due to hydrolysis of ester especially in alkali condition (polyol blends).

 $HCOOCH_3 + H_2O$ \longrightarrow $HCOOH + CH_3OH$

- Can find CO in foam cell, that prove hydrolysis of methyl formate.
- Not suitable as a sole blowing agent in normal rigid foam applications.
- Methyl formate is flammable liquid, flash point: -32°C
- Smell and toxicity

Advantage

- Low MW(60), same as c-Pentane;
- Flash point of pre-blend system is relative high, better than c-Pentane;
- Can be used as co-blowing agent;



H₃C



Disadvantage

- It is a very strong solvent (stronger than acetone), very strong plasticizer, the foam stability is bad;
- Not suitable as sole blowing agent;
- Boiling point is high: 42.3°C;
- Flammable liquid, flash point is -17.8°C;
- Irritation and toxicity

Advantage

- Low GWP;
- Stable in polyol system;
- Low MW(76), uselvel is similar to c-Pentane;
- Flash point of pre-blended system is relative high, better than c-Pentane;
- Can be a co-blowing agent;









Compare the uselevel & reactivity with same polyol blends and similar FRD.

Formulation	141b	n-Pentane	i-Pentane	c-Pentane	Water	LBA	1100
Polyol blends (1.1% water) (pbw)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Blowing agent (pbw)	26	14.5	14.5	14.5	2.80	28	39
MDI (pbw)	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
INDEX	480	480	480	480	250	480	480
Ratio (MDI/Polyol)	170/100	188/100	188/100	188/100	208/100	170/100	160/100
CT (s)	11	9	8	11	14	8	9
GT(s)	86	103	107	88	90	92	100
FRD(kg/m ³)	36.2	36.1	36.1	36.3	36.4	35.8	35.8



Compare the uselevel with same polyol blends and similar reactivity, FRD.

Formulation	141b	n-Pentane	i-Pentane	c-Pentane	Water	LBA	1100
Polyol blends (1.1% water) (pbw)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Blowing agent (pbw)	26	14	14	14.5	2.80	27	36
MDI (pbw)	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
INDEX	480	480	480	480	250	480	480
Ratio (MDI/Polyol)	170/100	188/100	188/100	188/100	208/100	170/100	160/100
CT (s)	11	9	9	11	10	10	10
GT(s)	86	87	87	88	87	91	92
FRD(kg/m ³)	35.5	36.3	36.3	36.1	36.1	35.9	35.8







Foam Flowability (mm/100g)





Foam K-factor[mW/(m•K)]







K-factor Aging Performance(naked foam)











Thanks for your attention

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Safety Training for C5 Technology

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C5: Hydrocarbons with 5 carbon atoms

Chemical Name	n-Pentane	Iso-Pentane	Cyclo-Pentane	Neo-Pentane
Structure	H ₃ C CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	H ₃ C CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ —CH ₂	$\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ H_3C \underbrace{\qquad } \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \end{array} CH_3$
Boiling Point	36.1	28	49	9.5
Flash Point (°C)	-49	-57	-42	<-7
Explosion limit in air (%)	1.4-8.0	1.4-8.3	1.5-8.7	1.4-7.5
Gas λ[mW/(m•K)] 14.0(10°C)	13.0(10°C)	11.0(10°C)	14.9 (25ºC)




Other hydrocarbons: n-Butane and Iso-Butane can also be used as blowing agent in some applications.

Chemical Name Structure	Boiling Point (°C)	Flash Point (ºC)	Explosion limit in air (%)	Gas λ [mW/(m•K)]
n-Butane H ₃ C CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	-0.45	-60	1.8-8.5	13.6(0ºC)
Iso-Butane	-11.7	-107	1.8-8.4	15.9(20°C)

C4: Iso-Butane is also used as blowing agent in some polyurethane applications

Selection of Hydrocarbons (C5 & C4)





c-Pentane and n-Pentane can be used alone, c-Pentane for appliance, n-pentane for conti. Panel/board.

- ◆ i-Pentane & i-Butane are normally mixed with c-Pentane
- c-/i-Pentane=70/30(65/35), c-Pentane/i-Butane=85/15~81/19 is used in appliance industry

Safety Measures for C5 technology











• CH_4 : Explosion limit (vol) in air: 5.0~15.4%

Risk of Flammable Liquid





- The flash point of a volatile material is the lowest temperature at which vapors of the material will ignite, when given an ignition source.
- Flammable liquid with lower flash point has higher volatility and risk.

Recognize Danger of C5 (c-Pentane)





In a 20m² room(height=5m), if c-Pentane vapor is distribute evenly, around 4kg c-Pentane could achieve the explosion LEL. Actually the amount to get explosion is much lower than 4.0kg as c-Pentane will concentrate on the ground.

200L steel drum with c-Pentane pre-blended polyol: If used half material, on the top of 100L space, only 5g c-Pentane vapor will get explosion LEL (about 10kg c-Pentane in the remaining half material).---High risk!!!

Recognize Danger of c-Pentane



Simulation of c-Pentane explosion

Min. energy to get explosion: 0.28mJ

Static, spark, mechanical impact, lightning



Explosion energy: 11 times of TNT.

Mold was broken and spar parts flied out.

Risks with Hydrocarbons





Normal Process for C5 Adoption









System house sets up c-Pentane pre-blending capacity



- The flash point of c-Pentane pre-blended system is around 0°C, it is still flammable liquid.
- Transportation, processing and safety measures are important.

Customers with C5 Pre-blended System



Why customers need c-Pentane pre-blended system?

- C5 technology is preferred due to **low running cost**
- PU consumption is relative low;
- Plant location limitation (not allowed to install C5 storage tank, etc.)
- Safety concerns

Benefits for the customers

- Less investment, no C5 storage tank, pre-mixing station and related safety measures.
- Possibility to adopt low running cost C5 technology.
- May not need to change the fire protection class of the workshop.

Safety measures needed for the customers

- **Foaming machine** change or alteration;
- Safety measures in **foaming area**(ventilation, monitoring and alarm system, etc.)
- Safety measures in **storage area** for pre-blended systems.

Danger of C5 Pre-blended System





The vapor on top of C5 pre-blended system in normal condition (20-25°C) during operation and storage is able to get flashover if air is exist.

Danger of C5 pre-blended system



Warehouse and storage tanks



Injection/foaming area



3 Dangerous Zone

Foaming Machine





















Ventilation is **NOT** big fan in workshop



Right Ventilation



Ventilation design





Risk Control Methods



Warehouse and storage tank





- N_2 protection in the drum or not?
- Temperature control in warehouse?
- c-Pentane separation in low temp?
- C-Pentane content in system?

Safe Operation Skills

- Grounding before open the drums;
- Avoid to use part of drum materials;
- When use up, keep the drum open and put it in open space for a while;
- If possible, isolate pre-blended polyol in warehouse or build barriers.
- Ensure N₂ supply if storage tank is used. Build barriers for storage tank.



Necessary Equipment

- Ventilation system
- Detectors and alarm system
- Anti-fire equipment
- Sand
- Grounding system

Scratch the coating







High risk points



- ◆ Working tank sealing, N₂ supply?
- Isolation of polyol working tank?
- N₂ injection before material injection?
 - Grounding of mold and products?

Safe Operation SkillsNecessary EquipmentCheck the ventilation regularlyIVentilation systemCalibration of detectors and alarm systemDetectors and alarmN2 injection time vs. cavity sizeAnti-fire equipmentSandGrounding system



THE LAST SAFETY GUARD







Example: Disconti. Panel

Panel size(L/W/T): 8m/1.2m/0.15m

 $V_{cavity} = 8m \times 1.2m \times 0.15m = 1.44 \text{ m}^3$

PU foam injection weight= $1.44m^3 \times 50kg/m^3 = 72kg$

Gas loss during foaming=72kg \times 3.0%=2.16kg (max.)

C5 emission=2.16kg/3=0.72kg (max.)

C5 emission time: 3-5min (short emission time) Emission rate=0.72kg/3min=0.24kg/min (max.) Demolding time: 30min (enough ventilation time) **Ventilation Design**

$$Q_{min} = \frac{G_{max} \cdot f}{K_{perm} \cdot LEL \cdot C} \cdot \frac{T}{293}$$

 Q_{\min} : Minimum ventilation capcity, m³/min G_{\max} : Maximum C5 emission rate (g/min) *LEL*: Lower explosion limit of C5 (1.5%) f: Air flow quality factor, data from 1-5 K_{perm} : Safety factor, normally use 0.5 C: Vapor density of C5 at 20°C (g/m³)-2915 T: Maximum workshop temperature (K)





Thanks for Your Attention!

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Equipment Application For Alternatives

Hangfa Maron Mechatronics Engineering, Chengdu, China







02 | Cyclopentane Foaming Machine Design

03 | Cyclopentane Safety Warning System

04 | Application Case





Polyurethane Foaming Machine

DesignDevelopmentManufacturer





HCFC-141b PU Foaming Machine Cyclope

Cyclopentane PU Foaming Machine





- Continuous design accumulation
- Continuous renewal of ideas
- Continuous investment in R&D



Large-scale Production in 2009















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3	2009/	2010/1	2011/9	2012/	2013/1	2014	2015/	2016.0			長公司	C5H2-40-G2F11L11	1	HF201710710
_	2009/	2010/1	2011/9/	2012/		2014	2015/	2010.0			test to be	两台原航发100型老发泡机改造		
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903 projects

from 2007 - 2018



Service Delivered To Over **258** companies

₩Wanbao Hisense演信 Haier 澳柯玛 万宝 创新就是生活 **Homa**奥马 TCL GREE 格》美的 Midea CHANGHONG HELL Skyworth 创维 USATON[®] 阿诗丹顿 anward万和 芬尼PHNIX **CIMC** 中集物流



Team consists of top technical talents from German, China and United States of America

Invited by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) to share the technology of cyclopentane foaming

Invited by the Ministry of Environmental Protection to participate in the symposium on HCFC green low carbon alternative technology in China PU foam industry

Chief Drafter of the PU China Machinery Industry Standard



Cost effective product has been delivered to different nations and areas

India China Malaysia Pakistan Vietnam Turkey Egypt Ethiopia

















02 Cyclopentane Foaming Machine Design

03 | Cyclopentane Safety Warning System

04 | Application Case




moton www.maron.cn

ISOCYANATE Unit

- POLYOL Unit
- Hydraulic Unit
- Mixing Head Unit
- Chiller Unit
- **Electrical Control System**



Efficient Mixing Head

Double Tilted Injection for mixing Self-cleaning, prevent being jammed Transition section, prevent being polluted

High Compatibility

Modular design Easy maintenance Compatible with spare parts of various companies

Perfect Sealing

Magnetic coupling Save raw material

Explosion Proof & Safe

Cyclopentane monitoring alarm system Intelligent ventilation system





Intelligent Electrical Control

Siemens Profinet field network structure Network bus connection simplifies the layout Reduce cable wear and improve stability

Precise Metering

Close-loop control, high precision flow control Precise material temperature control, reduce the effect of temperature difference on foaming Pressure detection at both ends, high precision pressure control

Risk Warning System

Multiple warning systems: flow, temperature, material ratio, pressure etc.

High reliability

Mutual backup design, some component failures do not affect production, manufacturers do not need to stop work



- 1. Non-Jacketed 330 liter carbon steel and pressurized tank
- 2. Stainless tube heat exchangers with 2.0m² area
- 3. Self cleaning filter
- 4. High pressures HYDROMATIK REXROTH pump A2VK
- 5. Frequency converter and magnetic coupling (option)



Mixing Head Unit

- 1. L-shaped carbon steel body
- 2.1 hydraulically operated self-cleaning piston
- 3. 1 hydraulically operated and fast moving mixing spools Complete withre-circulation grooves
- 4.2 injection nozzles
- 5. 2 solenoid valves for the head operation
- 6. 2 proximity switches for the sequence control
- 7. Spacer to avoid oil contamination of the PU chemicals



POLYOL Unit

- Anlistatig room for polyol tank group
 Anlistatig room for polyol tank group
 Non-jacketed 330 liter carbon steel and pressurized tank
 Visual magnetic level indicator
 A. Stainless tube heat exchangers with 2.0m² area
 S. Pentane safety valve
- 6. Self cleaning filter 7. EX-I.EX-D components
- EX-I, EX-D components
 High pressures HYDROMATIK REXROTH pump A2VK
- 9. Frequency converter and magnetic coupling(option)
 - Hydraulic unit
 1. Hydraulic pressure can be displayed and set on
 touch screen
 2. High and low limit hydraulic pressure setting
 3. Open modular design and easy maintenance



Electrical Control System

- 1. Omron PLC and AD module for the centrel control
- 2. 8 touch screen HMI for operation interface
- English/chinese display with instant automatic alarm and fault handling, fault locating and alarm, more than 100 history alarm saved.
- All the parameters can be set and adjusted accurately and Conveniently
- 5. Parameter setting for security 4 level protection
 6. Dynamic monitoring of materials percentage and flow





📕 Chiller unit

1. Capacity:3HP 2. Cooling capacity:7000kcal/h 3. CHL2-30 stainless water pump with 20M 3.3M1/h capacity



Re-design of the PU foaming machine for alternatives-Cyclopentane

- New mixing head for efficient mixing
- Sealing and explosion-proof design
- Intelligent control system



--- New mixing head for efficient mixing



New mixing head guarantees the mixing efficiency



--- New mixing head for efficient mixing



Using Cyclopentane

Foaming without efficient mixing Affect the quality of refrigerator



Traditional design





--- New mixing head for efficient mixing



1. Double Tilted Injection



--- New mixing head for efficient mixing



--- New mixing head for efficient mixing





Upgrade our capability to manufacture new mixing head



--- New mixing head for efficient mixing



Mixing efficiently



After Re-design



Before Re-design

--- Sealing and explosion-proof design

Magnetic coupling used in Metering Unit to prevent leakage





--- Sealing and explosion-proof design

Magnetic coupling used in Material Filter



Magnetic coupling used in Material Tank



Magnetic coupling

Mixing system in material tank



--- Sealing and explosion-proof design



- Antistatic polycarbonate transparent door enclosure
- Cyclopentane gas monitoring sensor
- Explosion-proof stirrer motor
- Fireproof valve





- Touch screen interface
- Real-time Process Monitoring & Setting
- Closed-loop automatic control
- Intelligent Alarm System



	System Setting		
Polyurethane Technologies	Process Parameters		
	Pouring Parameters		
C5H100 Cyclopentane	Mixhead Adjustment		
High Pressure	I/O Status		
Foaming Machine	Status Monitoring		
软件版本: Ver 0.00 SN:	Yield Record		
成都航发机由工程有限公司	Pouring Record		
Maron Mechatronics engineering(Chengdu) Co.,Ltd. http://www.maron.cn Email:info@maron.cn Tel&Fax:+86-28-82005066	Alarm Information		









Pouring Parameters (1/2)							Pouring Para	ameters (1/2)					
No.	Pouring Weight(g)	No.	Pouring Weight(g)	No.	Pouring Weight(g)	Alarm	No.	Pouring Time(S)	No.	Pouring Time(S)	No.	Pouring Time(S)	Alarm
A-00#	0	A-10#	0	A-20#	0		A-00#	0.00	A-10#	0.00	A-20#	0.00	Information
A-01#	0	A-11#	0	A-21#	0	Alarm Reset	A-01#	0.00	A-11#	0.00	A-21#	0.00	Alarm Reset
A-02#	0	A-12#	0	A-22#	0		A-02#	0.00	A-12#	0.00	A-22#	0.00	
A-03#	0	A-13#	0	A-23#	0	Status Monitoring	A-03#	0.00	A-13#	0.00	A-23#	0.00	Status Monitoring
A-04#	0	A-14#	0	A-24#	0		A-04#	0.00	A-14#	0.00	A-24#	0.00	
A-05#	0	A-15#	0	A-25#	0		A-05#	0.00	A-15#	0.00	A-25#	0.00	
A-06#	0	A-16#	0	A-26#	0		A-06#	0.00	A-16#	0.00	A-26#	0.00	
A-07#	0	A-17#	0	A-27#	0		A-07#	0.00	A-17#	0.00	A-27#	0.00	
A-08#	0	A-18#	0	A-28#	0		A-08#	0.00	A-18#	0.00	A-28#	0.00	
A-09#	0	A-19#	0	A-29#	0		A-09#	0.00	A-19#	0.00	A-29#	0.00	
Total Volume 0 g/S Ratio(I/P) 0.000					Exit		Total Volume 0	g/s	Ratio	(I/P) 0.000		Exit	



--- Intelligent Control System



Polyurethane Technologies





--- Intelligent Control System

head pressure

transmitters



发泡机状态监控(1/2) <mark>ب</mark> 搅拌关 搅拌关 查看报警 Pump outlet pressure 枪 注料工位:A7 real-time monitoring ##.#°C ##.#°C 设定注料时间: ##.## 报警复位 手动加料 手动加料 实际量: ##.## 加料关 料夫 #.### 实际料比: 压力监控 ###.#% ###.#% 高压循环: ##.# 液压: ##.# 8888 MPa 注料参数 ISO **Q** POI POL流量 [SOY斋量 One more set of 低压 **#.##**MPa 低压 訂正 高压 ###.# g/s 参数设置 #.## MP 切换到 参数监控 总流量 料比 ##.# ##.# A枪ISO压力 A枪POL压力 MPa MPa .### **####**g/s 4 ##.# ##.# B枪ISO压力 B枪POL压力 MPa MPa Exit

--- Intelligent Control System

One more set of mixing head pressure real-time monitoring

- Siemens S7-1200 PLC control
- Profinet field network structure, ET200SP distributed IO module to remotely control POL unit, hydraulic unit, chiller unit, mixing head and operating unit
- Achieve long-distance data transmission, greatly simplifying the structure of electrical circuits
- The network bus connection repalces the complicated multi-core flexible cable, avoids signal errors and faults caused by cable fatigue breakage, simplifies line connection, and improves system operation speed and reliability.
- PLC can monitor the injection pressure data at the end of the mixing gun
- Replace the mechanical pressure gauges with the anti-crystallization digital display













01 | Introduction To Maron

02 Cyclopentane Foaming Machine Design

03 Cyclopentane Safety Warning System

04 | Application Case





Independent C5 Safety Alarm & Control System consists of :

- Independent electrical control cabinet
- C5 catalytic sensor
- Buttons and indicator lamps
- Exhaust fan (5.5kw/7.5kw)
- Exhaust Pipeline



The main control panel controls the following operation:

Reasonable distribution of C5 gas sensor, including foaming machine, production line, pouring position

Monitor different level of concentration of C5 gas

- Alarms of different risk levels
- Automatic Ventilation System (Hierarchical startup of ventilation system according to different risk levels)
- Leakage detection control
- Power control(using Uninterrupted Power Supply)UPS is used in the design of the control system to ensure that safety measures are not compromised.



The control panel can show real-time readout of C5 percentage detected by the sensors and set the quantity, in percentage, of the pre-alarm and alarm thresholds

Pentane sensor control card has two alarm level (20% and 40%)

1 audio-alarm system to differentiate the occurred alarm levels

1 set of polychromatic light indicators to visualize warning signal of the operation condition of the foaming line:

Three levels of the alarm system:

Clear or Blue for no alarm (normal operation of the foaming line) Yellow for pre-alarm (level 2) Red for alarm (level 1)

The settings depend on the situation:

20% LEL pre alarm, forced ventilating starts 40% LEL alarm, production line closed in emergency automatically.





yurethane Technologies





01 | Introduction To Maron

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Main Application Area Of Cyclopentane Foaming Machine

- Refrigerator Commercial Refrigerator Freezer
- Water Heater
- Panel PU Sandwich Panel Heat Insulation Pipe
- Cold Chain Logistics Refrigerated Truck Ice Box
- Automotive Interior Car Seating Car Head Cushion















Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Refrigerator

Qingdao, China, 2017









Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Hisense Refrigerator and Freezer

Guangzhou, China, 2017











Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Hisense Refrigerator and Freezer

Guangzhou, China, 2017







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Hisense Refrigerator and Freezer

Guangzhou, China, 2017






Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Meiling Refrigerator and Freezer







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Meiling Refrigerator and Freezer







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Meiling Refrigerator and Freezer







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Meiling Refrigerator and Freezer







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For Meiling Refrigerator and Freezer







CIMC 中集冷链

Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For CIMC Cold Chain Logistics Panel

Qingdao, China, 2017







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For CIMC Cold Chain Logistics Panel

Qingdao, China, 2017







Cyclopentane Foaming Machine For CIMC Cold Chain Logistics

Discontinuous Panel Line

Qingdao, China, 2017



18588888 8888



—Creating Easy Life—

Be a part of hundred million smiles!

In Pakistan, 2017







Guangdong Xingxing Refrigrators









For Commercial Refrigerator In Ethiopia, Africa ,2017







Maron precise small flow foaming machine (15 g/s - 150 g/s)

For Continuous Panel Line

Combine ISO tank & POL tank in one C5 enclosure to save cost and space





Maron precise small flow foaming machine (15 g/s - 150 g/s)

For Continuous Panel Line





Maron foaming machine for Vehicle Interior







Maron foaming machine for Vehicle Interior







Maron foaming machine for Vehicle Interior





04 | Service

- 1. Customized alternative technical solution, according to the products, production and budget of our customer, help our clients save money.
- 2. Installation and Commissioning
- 3. Operation training & Maintenance training
- 4. Localized service team with spare parts, timely response to customer
- 5. Remote online monitoring on foaming machine status, can tailor the program online to our client's specific needs.







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Opteon[™] 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

We unleash the power of chemistry, working hand-in-hand with our customers

- We are a new company with over 200 years of history, created from DuPont's performance chemical businesses
- We help create a colorful, capable, and cleaner world through the power of chemistry
- We create new applications and industrydefying solutions that have a greater market impact



• The Chemours Company: Created from DuPont's Performance Chemicals Businesses



Global Regulatory Drivers

Sustainability

Since the early 1990's fluorochemical blowing agents have transitioned to more sustainable options with no Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) and now low Global Warming Potential (GWP).



Opteon[™] 1100: *The Next Generation Foam Blowing Agent*

Key Attributes:

- Low Global Warming Potential (GWP =2)
- Boiling Point (33 °C)
- Chemical Stability
- Insulation Performance (λ 10.7 mW @ 25 °C)
- Low Diffusivity
- Nonflammable
- Favorable Toxicity Profile

Winner of the 2017 CPI Innovation Award





Opteon[™] 1100: *The Next Generation Foam Blowing Agent*

Key Application Areas:

- Spray Polyurethane Foam (SPF)
- Appliance Foam
- Hot Water Heater Foam
- Board Stock
- Integral Skin



Spray Foam





Integral Skin





Opteon[™] 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Blowing Agent Comparison

Blowing Agent	ODP	GWP	Boiling Point (°C)	Lambda @ 25 °C (mW/m K)	Flammability
Opteon™ 1100	0	2	33	10.7	None
HCFC-141b	0.11	782 ª	31	9.7	None
HFC-245fa	0	858ª	15	12.7	None
HFC-365mfc	0	804 ^a	40	10.6	Yes
HCFO-1233zd	~0 ^c	1	19.5	10.5	None
Methylal	0	< 3	42	14.5	Yes
Methyl Formate	0	< 25	32	15.8 ^b	Yes
Cyclopentane	0	11	49	13	Yes

a: (100-yr ITH) AR 5

b: Extrapolated from literature data(17.7 mW @ 100 °C)

c: No impact on ozone layer depletion and is commonly referred to as zero

DEMOURS[™] Opteon [™] 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Chemours Opteon[™] 1100: *Elastomer Compatibility*

		Elaston	ners			
RATIN	G					
			% LINEAF	R SWELL	HAR	ONESS
0 - COMPATIBLE;		<= 11	AND	<= 11		
1 - BOR	DERLINE	; WHEN	>10	OR	>10	
2- INCC	OMPATIE	LE; WH	>10	AND	>10	

Compatibility Rating - Plastics							
0 = Best;	0 = Best; when weight gain<1 and physical change = 1						
1= Borde	1= Borderline; when weight gain>1 and <10 or physical change = 2						
2= Worst; when weight gain>10 or physi			cal chang	ge = 3			
Physical	Change						
1= No cha	ange						
2= Surface change (dulled or crazed)							
3= Destroyed or dissolved							

14 day study	25 °C	100 °C
	Opteon™	Opteon™
	1100	1100
	Compatibility	Compatibility
D	rating	rating
Elastomer Material		
Neoprene C1276-70	0	0
Epichlorohydrin YB 146-75	0	0
Butyl B0612-70	0	1
EPDM E0893-80	0	0
Fluorosilicone	2	2
HNBR nitrile N1173-70	2	2
NBR nitrile NA151-70	1	1
Fluorocarbon FKM V0747-75	2	2
Neoprene C0873-70	0	0
Viton A401C	2	2
Viton GF 600S	2	2



Opteon™ 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Chemours Opteon™ 1100: *Plastic Compatibility*

		Elaston	ners			
RATING	G					
			% LINEA	R SWELL	HAR	ONESS
0 - COMPATIBLE;		<= 11	AND	<= 11		
1 - BOR	DERLINE	; WHEN	>10	OR	>10	
2- INCC	OMPATIE	LE; WH	>10	AND	>10	

Compatil	bility Rating	j - Plast	ics			
0 = Best;	when weigł	nt gain<:	1 and physic	al chang	e = 1	
1= Borde	rline; when	weight	gain>1 and	<10 or ph	ysical ch	ange = 2
2= Worst; when weight gain>10 or physical change = 3						
Physical	Change					
1= No cha	ange					
2= Surfac	e change (d	ulled or	crazed)			
3= Destroyed or dissolved						

14 day study	25 °C	100 °C
	Opteon™	Opteon™
	1100	1100
	Compatibility	Compatibility
D	rating	rating
Elastomer Material		
Plastic Material		
Polyester (thermoplastic) Bexloy V-978	1	1
Nylon Resin -Zytel 330	0	0
Torlon Polymer		
(polyamide-imide plastic)	0	0
Ryton polymer		
(polyphenylene sulfide)	0	0
PEEK (Ketaspire 820 NT)	0	0
Nylon 6.6 polymer plastic		
(Zytel 101)	0	0
PTFE	0	1



Opteon™ 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Benefits for Conversion

Opteon™ 1100 does NOT require investment for:

- Pressure-rated tanks, piping, or containers for transportation or storage
- Changes in materials of construction
- Flammability or explosion proofing equipment





Opteon[™] 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Applications

Spray Polyurethane Foam (SPF)

Opteon™ 1100's attributes make it ideal for SPF applications:

- Ultra Low GWP (2)
- Boiling point (33 °C)
- High Chemical Stability
- Low Thermal Conductivity
- Very Low Diffusion Coefficient
- Nonflammability
- Non VOC
- Excellent Toxicity Profile



Opteon™ 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Austin House Opteon[™] 1100 Application Update: *"5 Star Green Building Rating Awarded"*

In January 2015, Opteon[™] 1100 was successfully incorporated into a commercial medium density spray foam formulation and applied on a large scale project in Austin, TX.

Highlights include:

- Excellent application behavior
- Superior thermal insulation performance (Overall R 26)
- Comparable physical properties
- Good yield characteristics











Applications

Appliance Insulation Foam

Opteon™ 1100's attributes make it ideal for appliance applications:

- Ultra Low GWP (2)
- High Chemical Stability
- Low Thermal Conductivity
- Very Low Diffusion Coefficient
- Powerful Synergies with Hydrocarbons
- Good Material Compatibility
- Excellent Toxicity Profile



Appliances

Opteon™ 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Opteon™ 1100: Appliance Applications

- ✓ Excellent blowing agent retention
- ✓ Formulation stability
- ✓ Compatible with HIPS liners, even with HC blends.
- Compatible with ABS liners, HC blends show mixed results.





Opteon™ 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

Acknowledgements

Productos Eiffel www.Eiffel.com.mx

The BASF Corporation www.spf.basf.com

Elev8 Builders www.elev8builders.com PRODUCTOS EIFIC

We create chemistry



Installed Building Products (IBP) www.installedbuildingproducts.com



Opteon[™] 1100: The Next Generation Blowing Agent for a Sustainable Future

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Solkane® 365 Foam Blowing Agents IXOL® B251 & M125 Flame Retardants Safety & Handling& Application



01/10/2018

Content

- The Importance of Safety & Handling
- Solvay's Commitment
- Blowing Agents & Flame Retardant General Guidelines
- SOLKANE[®] Your best Choice
- Product Properties
- Bulk Packaging Guidance
- Tank Guidance
- Drum Packaging Guidance
- Key Takeaways




Why is Safety & Handling important?

- Safety includes the avoidance of any danger coming from the transport, storage, withdraw, usage and disposal of SOLKANE[®] products for people and environment
- SOLKANE[®] Products are highly specialized and designed for outstanding product characteristics.
- Following approved Safety and Handling guidelines minimize the risk of any danger.
- This presentation shall give you guidance regarding possible risks and how to avoid them to achieve the best result for your final product and for the people and environment



An ambitious Sustainable Development policy

Five priority objectives

SOLVAY Waly

- To achieve excellence in safety, health and occupational hygiene for everyone on our sites
- 2 To realize an increasing share of our sales in markets or with portfolio of activities meeting the requirements of sustainable development
- 3
- To continuously improve the performance of our technologies, processes and products so to avoid injuries and limit their environmental impact throughout the lifecycle of our products



- To reduce greenhouse-gas emissions, energy and water consumption, and negative impacts on soil, water and air quality, as well as the use of resources
- 5

4

To develop rich and balanced social dialogue





Blowing Agents & Flame Retardants General Guidelines

Basic Risk Consideration during handling of Blowing Agents and Flame Retardants

- Follow the recommendations from the MSDS
- Keep your working area clean and tidy
- Wear your personal protection equipment e.g. gloves and goggles.
- Do not smoke while handling or working with Blowing Agents or Flame Retardants
- Avoid any open flames in your handling area, ground your equipment against electrostatic charge
- Ensure that your working space is well ventilated







SOLKANE® 365/227 Safety data

Characteristic	Unit	SOLKANE [®] 365	SOLKANE [®] 227	SOLKANE [®] 365/227 93:07	SOLKANE [®] 365/227 87:13
Boiling point	°C	40	-17	30	24
Vapour pressure (20 °C)	mbar	400	3900	700	880
Flash point	°C	< - 27	-	-	-
Lower explosion limit	% (v/v)	3.6	-	3.6*	3.6*
Upper explosion limit	% (v/v)	13.3	-	13*	13*
Minimum ignition energy	mJ	10.4	-	>> 1300	>> 1300
Auto ignition temperature	°C	594	-	594	594

*under worst case fractionation conditions



Why SOLKANE[®] – Best Choice!

Easy & Safe Handling

• SOLKANE[®] 365 Blends are non-flammable liquids

- The boiling point is above standard processing temperatures (HFC-245fa Bp is 15 °C).
- In hot weather climates, the vapour pressure is low limiting product loss vs HFC-245fa

SOLKANE[®] 365 Blends are packaged in standard drums

HFC-245fa ships in pressurized gas containers and cylinders

Polyol system optimization

Polyol systems can be optimized to show no flashpoint





Why SOLKANE[®] – Best Choice!

Best performance

8

Best fire test results

 Compared to pentanes, SOLKANE[®] 365 blends are significantly better due to the fluorine content in the molecule.

Best insulation value

- Based on standard aged time values and beyond
- Less energy needed to heat & cool buildings, appliances resulting in direct environmental CO₂ savings

Easy conversion of HCFC-141b systems

- Closest match to HCFC-141b of available replacements
- Existing equipment can be used
- Processing for end users match HCFC-141b





Why SOLKANE[®] – Best Choice!

Economic Advantage

- Improved mechanical foam properties vs HCFC-141b
 - Less foam needed to achieve the same stability.
 - Cost savings.
- Unbeatable versatility
 - SOLKANE[®] 365mfc blends perfectly with all blowing agents for more advanced customized blowing agent formulations.







SOLKANE® 365 blends IXOL® Products Product Properties



Comparative Physical properties

	HCFC-141b	HFC-365mfc	HFC-365/227 93:7	HFC-365/227 87:13	HFC-245fa	c-pentane
Structure	CCl ₂ F-CH ₃	CF ₃ -CH ₂ -CF ₂ -CH ₃	CF_3 - CH_2 - CF_2 - CH_3 CF_3 - CHF - CF_3	CF ₃ -CH ₂ -CF ₂ -CH ₃ CF ₃ -CHF-CF ₃	CF ₃ -CH ₂ -CF ₂ H	\bigcirc
MolWeight	116.9	148.1	149.5	150.9	134	70
Boiling Point [°C]	31.7	40.2	30	24	15.3	49.5
Vapour pressure at 20 °C [bar]	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.35
Lambda [gas at 25 °C]	9.5	10.6	10.7	10.7	12.2	12.0
Flash point [°C]	none	-27	none	none	none	-37
Flammability limits [% by volume]	7.4 - 17.7	3.6 - 13.3	3.6 - 13.3*	3.6 - 13.3*	none	1.4 - 8.3
MIE [mJ]	20 000	10.4	>> 1000	>> 1000	-	0.54

* based on pure Solkane® 365mfc





Comparative Physical properties Eco-toxicology

Н	ICFC-141b	HFC-365mfc	HFC-365/227 93:7	HFC-365/227 87:13	HFC-245fa	c-Pentane	
Boiling Point	31.7	40.2	30	24	15.3	49.5	[°C]
MolWeight	116.9	148.1	149.5	150.9	134	70	
Atm. Lifetime	9.3	8.6	8.6*	8.6*	7.6	"few days"	[years, IPCC 4, 2007]
ODP	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	
GWP	725	794	964	1109	1030	11	[IPCC 4, 2007]
VOC	no	no	no	no	no	yes	

* based on pure Solkane 365mfc





Vapour pressure of Blends



SOLKANE[®] 365 Foam Blowing Agents Safety & Handling Update: 5-19-2014



Vapour Pressure of Pre-Formulated PU Systems



Favorable handling – also in hot Climates!





Comparative Flammability in Foams EN ISO 11925-2 – Ignitability Test (B2)



SOLKANE[®] 365 Foam Blowing Agents Safety & Handling Update: 5-19-2014



Characteristics of IXOL[®]

Property	Unit	IXOL [®] B251	IXOL [®] M125
Appearance		dark-brown liquid	dark-brown liquid
Density	[kg/dm³, 25 °C]	1.58	1.57
Viscosity	[mPa.s, 25 °C]	7000	2900
OH-Number	[mg KOH/g]	330	240
Functionality		3	2
Bromine content	[mass-%]	31.5	32
Chlorine content	[mass-%]	6.9	7
Water content	[mass-%]	< 0.2	< 0.2



Viscosity of IXOL





Performance of IXOL

Possibility to Produce PU Rigid Foams Which Achieve the Requirements of European and American tests

Example of	Fire Tests	
Single Burning Ite	em EN 13823	Class C, S2
USA	ASTM E-84	Class 1
Switzerland	EMPA	Class V
Older Tests: (France	Epiradiateur	
	NF P 92-501	Class M1)
(Germany	DIN 4102	Class B2)
(United Kingdom	BS 476, part 7	Class 1)









SOLKANE® 365 blends IXOL® Products Application



Typical Applications for Insulation Products Blowing Agents





Application—Spray foam



Benefits

- Closest match to HCFC-141b of available replacements
- Existing equipment can be used
- Processing for end users match HCFC-141b
- handling easy on site





Application—Reefer container & Refrigerated truck

- Benefits
 - improving heat leakage
 - better aging insulation performance for energy saving for long term
 - higher mechanical strength









SOLKANE[®] 365 Foam Blowing Agents Safety & Handling Update: 5-19-2014 01/10/2018





Application---LNG

Benefits

- very similar mechanical strength to 141b
- better insulation performance than H2O
- lower density
- good dimensional & compressive stability @ a large temperature range(-162°C~+30)°C



		Solkane ®365/227		HCFC 141b			H2O		
		A	E	ļ	RPUF	A	E	I	RPUF
Fresh $\lambda mW/m.K$		21.0	22.5	24.4	26.1	20.8	22.2	23.8	37.4
Density Kg/m3		41.5	82.7	110.0	125.4	42.0	84.0	118.0	123.5
Compress strength Mpa	@ normal temp.	0.34	0.84	1.33	1.26	0.27	0.77	1.28	1.31
	@cryoge nic temp	0.84	1.13	1.95	1.43	0.53	1.69	2.52	1.45







Application---Appliance



Benefits

- improving insulation performance
- electricity saving every day
- potential density reduction for cost saving

foam properties Blowing system	Foam density (kg/m3)	Thermal conductivity (mW/m·K)	Compression strength (kpa)	Dimensional stability (%)
Ср	34	20.2	140	0.3
365/Cp co-blowing	30	17.8	160	0.1

Refrigerator type Blowing agent	Normal	Energy saving	Three door
Ср	0.41 kwh/24h	0.398 kwh/24h	0.665 kwh/24h
365/Cp co-blowing	0.37 kwh/24h	0.356 kwh/24h	0.60 kwh/24h







Application---Solar impuls

Benefits

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- maximum insulation
- with maximum strength
- at lowest possible weight
- excellent dimensional stability @ a large temperature range (-40°C~+100°C)





SOLKANE[®] 365 Foam Blowing Agents Safety & Handling Update: 5-19-2014 01/10/2018





Application---Solar water heater



Benefits

- good insulation
- higher mechanical strength
- excellent dimensional stability @ a large temperature range (-40°C~100°C)

	HCFC141b	Solkane 365/227	Ср
Density kg/m3	55	47	52
$\lambda@23$ °C mW/m.K	19.1	20.5	22.8
Compress strength KPa	168	171	161











Packaging & Delivery



01/10/2018

Product Delivery

SOLKANE® 365mfc	Content: 240kg Tara: 25.5kg FCL: 80 Drums	_	Content : 24m ³	Content : 20m³ Tara: 3.6 – 4.5t
SOLKANE® 365/227	Content: 240kg Tara: 25.5kg FCL: 80 Drums	-	Content : 24m ³	Content : 23m³ Tara: 3.6 – 4.5t
IXOL [®] B251	Content: 300kg Tara: 28.5kg FCL: 80 Drums	Content: 1500kg Tara: 60kg FCL: 13 IBC	Content : 24m ³	-
IXOL [®] M125	Content: 300kg Tara: 28.5kg FCL: 80 Drums	Content: 1500kg Tara: 60kg FCL: 13 IBC	Content : 24m ³	-







SOLKANE[®] 365/227 - Classification -

ADR 2013	HFC-365mfc	HFC-227ea	SOLKANE [®] 365/227 93:7	SOLKANE [®] 365/227 87:13
1.2.1 Definition	liquid	gas	liquid	liquid
2.2.2 Class 2	n.a.	non flammable	n.a.	n.a.
2.2.3 Class 3	flammable	n.a.	n.l. / n.f.	n.l. / n.f.
DOT				
§173.115	n.a.	non flammable	n.a.	n.a.
§173.120	flammable	n.a.	n.l. / n.f.	n.l. / n.f.
GHS				
1.2 Definition	liquid	gas	liquid	liquid
2.2.2 Gas	n.a.	non flammable	n.a.	n.a.
2.6.1 Liquid	Cat.2	n.a.	n.l. / n.f.	n.l. / n.f.

n.a. = not applicable n.l. / n.f. = not listed / non flammable





Solvay Product Delivery

SOLKANE® 365 blends:

- Emission-Free Bulk supply
- Dry Coupling System

"Closed Hose" system – product (gas phase) remains in the hose at all times.

- Avoids release of SOLKANE[®] 365/227
- Gas Displacement Procedure
- Slight constant nitrogen overpressure to operate day tank
- IXOL[®] Products:

- Global Markets in drums and totes
- Inside Europe, product available in drums, totes and tank cars











Bulk Packaging Guidance



01/10/2018

Bulk Storage

- Secure containers properly to prevent them from tipping, falling or rolling.
- Locate container in cool, dry, well ventilated area.
- Prevent inadvertent container movements and accidental damage (e.g. collisions with fork trucks).
- Follow all DOT and company transportation procedures.
- Avoid exposing containers to heat sources and any open flames.
- Avoid moisture and dirt from entering the container couplings and connections.



SOLKANE® 365/227 Preparation for Bulk unloading

- Storage vessel must be designed for SOLKANE[®] 365 and Blends of SOLKANE[®] 365/227 (Pressure and Materials)
- Storage vessel must be clean and free from any contaminants prior to storing SOLKANE[®] 365.
- Use control valves in storage system to avoid any accidental and unintended release of SOLKANE[®] 365
- Make sure all hose connections are in good condition, and are fixed at the storage tank.
- Pay attention to couplings and connectors: DN 50 ARTA dry coupling (female connection)
- Make sure that electrical grounding, overfilling alarm systems are working, and that you
 have electric power supply 32A for the pump
- Take care that the SOLKANE[®] 365 bulk delivery is connected with the right line of your filling system.







Bulk Unloading

Carrier Responsibilities (Road Tanker Delivery)

- Carrier connects the pump discharge to the vessel inlet using appropriate hoses and couplings.
- Carrier connects the storage tank unloading line and takes care that this is done without emissions and product contamination.

Storage Tank Operator Responsibilities

- The Storage Tank Operator is responsible for the storage and integrity of piping / hose connections, especially the permanent piping and coupling connections.
- The Tank Operator must insure all delivered product is connected to the right storage vessel or unloading line, respectively.
- Tank Operators are also responsible for operating valves, taking process readings and performing other miscellaneous operation duties.

Safety

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 Carrier and Storage Tank Operator are required to follow all local plant safety and health procedures and regulations (e.g. PPE)





Tank Instructions (First Filling)

- 1. Check the vacuum on the storage tank
- 2. Check that the ITC valves and the tank valves are closed. Remove blind caps from the self-sealing couplings.
- 3. Connect the self-sealing couplings hose side with the self-sealing coupling ITC side.
- 4. Close the bypass valve between fluid and gas phase.
- 5. Open bottom valve of the ITC as shown in operating instruction
- 6. Slowly open ITC valve fluid
- 7. Open the ITC valve fluid completely
- 8. Open the storage tank valve fluid slowly
- 9. Check storage tank valve fluid are open and sight glass is flooded
- 10. Wait until the vacuum in the storage tank is broken
- 11. Switch on the pump

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- 12. When the pressure in the storage tank is the same as in the ITC, open the gas phase
- 13. Watch storage tank level indicator 1 to make sure that no overfill has taken place (see red mark or hear alarm) Watch sight glass for completion of the filling operation and ensure that pump gets no dry running
- 14. Bubbles in the sight glass (container empty) Switch off pump.
- 15. Close the ITC valves and the storage tank valves.
- 16. Open the bypass valve between fluid and gas phase.
- 17. Disconnect the self-sealing couplings hose side with the self-sealing couplings ITC side
- 18. Install the blind caps from the self-sealing couplings
- 19. Store the self-sealing couplings orderly

SOLKANE[®] 365 Foam Blowing Agents Safety & Handling Update: 5-19-2014





Tank Instructions (Filling)

- Check that the ITC valves and the storage tank valves are closed. Remove blind caps from the self-sealing couplings.
- 2. Connect the self-sealing couplings hose side with the self-sealing coupling ITC side
- 3. Close the bypass valve between fluid and gas phase.
- 4. Open bottom valve of the ITC as shown in operating instruction
- 5. Slowly open ITC valves
- 6. Open the ITC valves completely
- 7. Open the storage tank valve slowly
- 8. Check storage tank valves are open and sight glass is flooded
- 9. Switch on pump

- 10. Watch storage tank level indicator 1 to make sure that no overfill has taken place (see red mark or hear alarm) Watch sight glass for completion of the filling operation and ensure that pump gets no dry running.
- 11. Bubbles in the sight glass (container empty) Switch off pump.
- 12. Close the ITC valves and the storage tank valves
- 13. Open the bypass valve between fluid and gas phase.
- 14. Disconnect the self-sealing couplings hose side with the self-sealing couplings ITC side
- 15. Install the blind caps from the self-sealing couplings.
- 16. Store the self-sealing couplings orderly





SOLKANE® 365/227 Checklist

SOLKANE [®] Checklist	to Convert HCFC-141b to Solkane 365/227	OLVAY
Company		
Site		
Person in Charge		2
How is the Material Suppli	Material Supplied?	-
and national Supplic	How is the Matching	-
ITC Bulk		No
MTC bulk		-
Drums	TIC BUIK	
	MTC bulk	-
How is the Material Stored?	Drums	-
Tank installation		
Outside storage	the Material Stored?	
With sun protection	How is the Mater	-11
Without sun protection	Tank installation	
Inside storage	a tride storage	
With ventilation	Outside statection	
Without ventilation	With sun protection	
Is a cooled area available	Without sun protecuon	-
Tank Installation	Inside storage	
s a pump for emptying the hulk seet		
What is the maximum pressure of the	iner available?	
s the tank designed for vacuum too?	dink?	
What type of connection for filling is us	She	
re hoses available		
hat kinds of safety valves are used?		
/hat is the pressure range?		
electrical parts (pumps at) and	1910	





Bulk Unloading Connections / Couplings



SOLKANE[®] 365 and blends: ITC Dry Disconnect Coupling liquid phase: DN50 gas phase: DN40



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SOLKANE[®] 365 Road Tanker Dry Disconnect Coupling liquid phase: DN50 gas phase: DN40



ARTA System Dry Disconnect Coupling




Examples of Bulk Unloading



Storage and unloading of SOLKANE® 365/227 by road tanker



Storage and unloading of SOLKANE® 365/227 by ITC

For further Information about unloading procedures and possible system setups, please consult our Transport – Packaging - Storage brochure.







Drum Packaging Guidance



01/10/2018

Drum Storage

- Secure drums properly to prevent them from tipping, falling or rolling.
- Locate drums in cool, dry, well ventilated area
- Prevent them from becoming falling objects and being damaged (e.g. collisions with fork lifters)
- Follow drum storage and local handling procedures (Occupational Safety & Health) for your site.
- Avoid exposing drums to heat sources and open flames.
- Keep the drum connections free of moisture and dirt.



SOLKANE[®] 365/227 Drum Storage

Storage

- Drums should remain tightly closed
- Store in non-hazardous area
- Exhaust system to remove SOLKANE[®] 365/227 vapour:
 - -at floor level
 - -at tap hole
 - -malfunction alarm

Emptying

• Workspace:

Follow the national rules for safety e.g. 1999/92/EC ATEX

• Equipment:

Follow the national rules under consideration e.g. of the Safety Data Sheet information

• After emptying:

Concentration SOLKANE® 365/227 > UEL









SOLKANE® 365/227

Is there a risk while emptying a drum?



SOLKANE[®] 365/227 is safe! Over 10 Years of operating experience without accident or incident.

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Key Takeaways Blowing Agents and Flame Retardants

SOLKANE® 365 Foam Blowing Agents Best Choice!

Easy & Safe to Handle

- SOLKANE[®] 365/227 Blends are non-flammable liquids
- Packaged in standard drums (no need for pressurized gas containers)

Best Performance in Use

- Best fire test results
- Best insulation value
- Easy conversion of HCFC-141b systems

Economic Advantage

- Less foam needed to achieve the same stability vs HCFC-141b
- Blends perfectly with all blowing agents





IXOL[®] B251 & M125 High Performance Flame Retardants

- Higher Bromine content that leads to better fire resistance.
- Reactive FR gives a permanent flame retardant effect.
- Moderate viscosity and a good compatibility with polyols.
- No affect on thermal insulation characteristics and mechanical properties.
- Polyester Triol gives more production stability of foaming.







www.solkane.com